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Rodrigo Duterte – Aufstieg, Wahlsieg, Regierungspolitik

Rodrigo Duterte – rise, electoral victory, government policy

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Kreuzer, Peter
"If they resist, kill them all" : police vigilantism in the Philippines / Peter Kreuzer. - Frankfurt/Main : Hessische Stiftung Friedens- und Konfliktforschung, 2017. - II, 37 S. : graph. Darst., Kt., Tab., Lit. S. 34-37 (PRIF Reports ; 142)
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Philippinen + Innere Sicherheit + Verbrechensbekämpfung + Drogenpolitik + Polizei + Politisch motivierte Gewaltanwendung + Legitimität/ Legitimation + Extralegale Hinrichtung + Regional + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa
Kriminalität + Drogenhandel + Drogenabhängigkeit/Drogenkonsum
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00962812

Batalla, Eric Vincent C.
Philippinen + Regierungswechsel/ Machtwechsel + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Wirkung/ Auswirkung + Wirtschaftliche Entwicklung + Bestimmungsfaktoren wirtschaftlicher Entwicklung/ Unterentwicklung
As the 2016 elections drew near and the prospects of a Rodrigo Duterte presidency became stronger, there were concerns that the economy might be adversely affected by the expected political volatility under the new regime. Since the start of the campaign season, Duterte had been rocking the establishment through controversial pronouncements and outbursts, attracting the enmity of leaders of the Catholic Church, the United States, and the United Nations. Based on a review of recent political and economic performance, this article argues that unless there are significant changes in the major sources of macroeconomic growth and stability, the Philippine economy would likely withstand the impact of a “Duterte shock.” (JCSA/GIGA)
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00963594

Castro, Renato Cruz de
The Duterte administration’s foreign policy : unravelling the Aquino administration’s balancing agenda on an emergent China / Renato Cruz De Castro in: Journal of Current Southeast Asian Affairs (Hamburg).35 (2016) 3, S. 139-159 : Lit. S. 156-159
Philippinen + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Regierungspolitik + Außenpolitik + Außenpolitische Neuorientierung + Volksrepublik China + Japan + Vereinigte Staaten + Bilaterale internationale Beziehungen
From 2010 to 2016, then-President Benigno Aquino balanced China’s expansive maritime claim in the South China Sea. President Aquino challenged China by shifting the AFP’s focus from domestic security to territorial defence, bolstering closer Philippine–US security relations, acquiring American military equipment, seeking from Washington an explicit security guarantee under the 1951 Mutual Defence Treaty (MDT), and promoting a strategic partnership with Japan. However, the Duterte administration is unravelling its predecessor’s balancing agenda by distancing itself from the United States and gravitating closer to China, despite the Permanent Court of Arbitration (PCA) July 12 2016 award to the Philippines. President Duterte’s foreign policy is directed at reviving the equi-balancing policy on China, in contrast to then-President Aquino’s balancing strategy. This is best exemplified by his efforts to harness China for several major infrastructure and investments projects in the Philippines and to resort to bilateral negotiations with Beijing. The present article argues that instead of relying on the US, President Duterte is fostering closer security partnership with Japan to equi-balance an emergent China. (JCSA/GIGA)
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00963593

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00962812
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00963594
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00963593
Curato, Nicole
Politics of anxiety, politics of hope: penal populism and Duterte’s rise to power / Nicole Curato

Philippinen + Wahl/ Abstimmung + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Wahlergebnis/ Abstimmungsergebnis + Bestimmungsfaktoren + Populismus + Öffentliche Meinung + Bedrohungs- vorstellungen (Gesellschaft)
Citizens who support populist leaders are often portrayed in negative terms. They are disparaged for their prejudice and naiveté, some even earning the label “basket of deplorables” from Hillary Clinton. Rodrigo Duterte’s supporters were not exempted from such criticism. In the 2016 Philippine presidential race, they were pejoratively labelled Dutertards, which pathologised their fervent and unrelenting support for the controversial candidate. This article interrogates such depictions by examining the logics that underpin Duterte’s strong public support. I argue that part of Duterte’s appeal hinges on “penal populism,” built on two political logics that reinforce each other: the politics of anxiety and the politics of hope. While the former foregrounds the language of crisis, danger and uncertainty, the latter reclaims democratic agency. The article examines the articulations of these logics among Duterte’s supporters based on ethnographic fieldwork in disaster-affected communities where Duterte enjoyed decisive victories. (JCSA/GIGA)

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00963587

Holmes, Ronald D.
The dark side of electoralism: opinion polls and voting in the 2016 Philippine presidential election / Ronald D. Holmes

Philippinen + Wahl/ Abstimmung + Wahlkampf + Wahlergebnis/ Abstimmungsergebnis + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Bestimmungsfaktoren + Öffentliche Meinung
Despite the limits of elections as a mechanism to secure accountability and ensure substantive representation, the 2016 elections drew the highest turnout across elections held since the political transition in 1986, a clear indication of electoralism. The high turnout may be a result of a relatively tightly contested race, with each of the main contenders appealing to constituencies that they symbolically represent. Nonetheless, the 2016 Presidential elections remained personality-oriented, media driven and political clan dominated. The eventual winner, Rodrigo Roa Duterte, garnered the presidency given a combination of factors: the clarity of his campaign message – focused on curbing a single problem (criminality, in general, and the illegal drug trade, in particular) that he elevated as the most serious concern that the next president should address; significant support from a geographic area (Mindanao) and associated ethno-linguistic groups (i.e., Bisaya); and, serious questions of character and competence raised against his opponents (i.e. Binay, Poe and Roxas). (JCSA/GIGA)

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00963581

Mendoza, Teresa
Der Bulldozer: [umstrittene Politik des Präsidenten Duterte] / Teresa Mendoza

Philippinen + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Regierungspolitik + Innenpolitik + Autoritäre Herrschaft
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00962966
Reyes, Danilo Andres
The spectacle of violence in Duterte’s “war on drugs” / Danilo Andres Reyes

This article argues that, in Duterte’s “war on drugs”, state power is exercised through the body in a spectacle of humiliation and violence. The analysis draws from the work of Foucault (1979) on the political value of a spectacle of the body to explain the distinctive character of Duterte’s violent war on drugs; of Feldman (1991) on the use of the body as an object in which violence is embodied to send political messages; of Agamben (1995) on eliminating life supposedly devoid of value; and on Mumford et al. (2007), who pointed to the popularity of “violent ideological leaders.” I argue that, under the Duterte administration, criminals are humiliated and killed in a spectacle of violence that politicises their lives, sending a message that intimidates others. In the process, law-abiding citizens are meant to feel safe, which is seen as likely to increase the newly elected president’s popularity and his power as chief executive. Duterte has thereby politicised life, not only putting criminals outside the benefit of state protection but actively targeting them. Duterte is the first mayor and president to have actively targeted criminals and, in doing so has encouraged other politicians to follow his example. The politicisation of the bodies of criminals is distinctive in Duterte’s form of violence. This article is drawn from data sets of individual killings when Duterte was either serving as or acting behind the mayor of Davao, and compared with cases of drug-related killings since he became president on 30 June 2016. (JCSA/GIGA)

Teehankee, Julio
Duterte’s resurgent nationalism in the Philippines : a discursive institutionalist analysis / Julio C. Teehankee

Early in his administration, Rodrigo Duterte, the controversial sixteenth president of the Philippines, did what no other Filipino president has done before – announce a separation from the geopolitical interests of its former colonial master, the United States of America. Beyond the personal slights caused by the US criticism of his anti-drug campaign lies a deeper sense of historical grievance that has been ingrained in Duterte’s generation and his identity as a Mindanaoan. Not only does he represent Mindanao’s resentment towards “imperial Manila,” but also a historical blowback against “US imperialism.” Duterte’s nationalist exhortations can be traced to the cycle of regime narratives in the Philippines, which serves as a medium for institutional continuity and change through the mobilisation of ideas at a discursive level. By reviving the anti-US nationalism of his youth, Duterte is repudiating the liberal reformist, albeit elitist, narrative of the Aquino-to-Aquino regimes. Duterte’s so-called “pivot to China” is also a dramatic reversal of his predecessors’ strong anti-China and rabidly pro-American foreign policy position. This paper blends Vivien A. Schmidt’s discursive institutional analytical framework with Stephen Skowronek’s concept of presidential leadership in political time to analyse how crafted narratives are transformed into governance scripts that bind together a coalition of interests within a particular institutional setting. (JCSA/GIGA)

Thompson, Mark R.
Introduction : the early Duterte presidency in the Philippines / Mark R. Thompson
Thompson, Mark R.

Since assuming the presidency, Rodrigo R. Duterte has “stuck to his guns” in carrying out his campaign pledge to launch a violent anti-drug campaign. Duterte’s presidency was preceded by six years of political stability and high growth under the relatively liberal and supposedly reformist administration of President Benigno “Noynoy” S. Aquino, Ill. What did voters find so appealing about Duterte given that drugs and criminality were not a major national concern until he launched his candidacy? Unlike previous populist politicians in the post-Marcos Philippines, Duterte’s strongest support did not come from the poorest voters but rather from the elite and the middle class who most feared for their personal security. Although Aquino was widely perceived to be personally honest, his administration had become “systemically disjunctive” and vulnerable to replacement by violent illiberalism because its narrative of “good governance” had been undermined, its strategic allies were weakened, and liberal institutions discredited. Duterte is an illiberal populist who changed the prevailing political order into an illiberal one through a new law-and-order governing script, new key strategic groups (the communist left and the police), and the quick removal of remaining liberal constraints (particularly in Congress and the Supreme Court). Duterte constructed a strongman political model at the local level before “nationalising” it after his election as president. (JCSA/GIGA)

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00963582

Kreuzer, Peter
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The vote in the Philippines
in: Journal of Democracy (Baltimore/Md.). 27 (October 2016) 4, S. 125-144

Aquino, Benigno Simeon Cojuangco (Ill)

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00956857
Deogracias, Charmaine

Philippinen + Verteidigungs- und Sicherheitspolitik + Verteidigungspotential + Streitkräfte/ militärische Verbände + Strukturveränderungen bei Streitkräften/ militärischen Verbänden + Streitkraftstransformation + Modernisierung + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Prioritätensetzung + Sicherheitsstrategie + Politische Bestimmungsfaktoren/ Ziele strategischer Konzeption + Entwicklungsperspektive und -tendenz
Südchinesisches Meer + Terrorismusbekämpfung + Abu Sayyaf (Philippines) + Bedrohungsvorstellungen (Sicherheitspolitik) + Verteidigungs- und sicherheitsbezogene Beziehungen
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00959825

Thompson, Mark R.
The specter of neo-authoritarianism in the Philippines / Mark R. Thompson in: Current History (Philadelphia/Pa.).115 (September 2016) 782, S. 220-225
Philippinen + Politisches System + Regierungswechsel/ Machtwechsel + Autoritäre Herrschaft + Nationale Wahlen + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Extremismus + Populismus
Aquino, Benigno Simeon Cojuangco (III)
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00957737

Baviera, Aileen
Philippinen + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Außenpolitik + Bilaterale internationale Beziehungen + Volksrepublik China + Südchinesisches Meer + Außenpolitische Interessendivergenzen + Sicherheitspolitische Zusammenarbeit + Vereinigte Staaten + Entwicklungsperspektive und -tendenz
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00954740

Casiple, Ramon C.
Philippinen + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Wahl/ Abstimmung + Staatsoberhaupt + Wahlergebnis/ Abstimmungsergebnis + Bestimmungsfaktoren
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00954736

Jacob, Judith
Holding steady : Duterte unlikely to improve Philippine security / Judith Jacob in: Jane’s Intelligence Review (Coulsdon),28 (August 2016) 8, S. 40-43
Philippinen + Innenpolitische Lage/ Entwicklung + Wahl/ Abstimmung + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Implikation + Innenpolitischer Konflikt + Bemühungen um Konfliktbeilegung + New People’s Army (Philippines) + Moro Islamic Liberation Front (Philippines) + Verhandlungslösung (Konfliktbeilegung) + Entwicklungsperspektive und -tendenz
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00955652

Local machines and vote brokerage in the Philippines / Edward Aspinall... in: Contemporary Southeast Asia (Singapore).38 (August 2016) 2, S. 191-196 : Lit. Hinw. S. 196
Philippinen + Wahl/ Abstimmung + Wahlkampf + Klientelismus + Netzwerk (institutionell/ sozial) + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Wahlforschung/ Wahlanalyse
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00954738
McCargo, Duncan
Duterte’s mediated populism / Duncan McCargo
in: Contemporary Southeast Asia (Singapore).38 (August 2016) 2, S. 185-190 : Lit. Hinw. S. 190

Philippinen + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Wahl/ Abstimmung + Wahlkampf + Populismus + Wahlergebnis/ Abstimmungsergebnis + Bestimmungsfaktoren

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00954737

Villegas, Bernardo M.
Prospects for the Philippine economy under the Duterte presidency / Bernardo M. Villegas, George N. Manzano

Philippinen + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Regierungspolitik + Prognose + Wirtschaftspolitik + Wirtschaftliche Entwicklung + Mindanao + Sozioökonomische Entwicklung + Entwicklungsperspektive und -tendenz

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00954739

Greitens, Sheena Chestnut
The U.S.-Philippine alliance in a year of transition : challenges and opportunities / Sheena Chestnut Greitens.
(ASIAN Alliances Working Paper Series ; 5)

Vereinigte Staaten + Philippinen + Verteidigungs- und sicherheitsbezogene Beziehungen + Verteidigungsbündnis + Perzeption + Bedrohungsvorstellungen (Sicherheitspolitik) + Regionale internationale Sicherheit + Bisherige Entwicklung + Entwicklungsperspektive und -tendenz

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00956374

Ju, Hailong
Will Duterte overturn his predecessor’s legacy? / Hailong Ju
in: China International Studies (Beijing).59 (July-August 2016) 4, S. 5-14

Philippinen + Volksrepublik China + Südchinesisches Meer + Regionaler internationaler Konflikt + Bilaterale internationale Beziehungen + Außenpolitik einzelner Staaten + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00959177

Cook, Malcolm
The differences Duterte relied upon to win / Malcolm Cook and Lorraine Salazar.
(ISEAS Perspective ; 34/2016)

Philippinen + Wahl/ Abstimmung + Staatsoberhaupt + Regierungswechsel/ Machtwechsel + Wahlergebnis/ Abstimmungsergebnis + Ursache + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Wähler + Wahlverhalten/ Abstimmungsverhalten + Bestimmungsfaktoren + Soziale Medien + Bedeutung/ Rolle + Politisch-gesellschaftliches Bewusstsein + Meinungsbildung + Einschätzung/ Abschätzung

Populismus + Im Ausland lebende Bevölkerungsgruppe + Landbevölkerung + Stadtbevölkerung

http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00956672
Cook, Malcolm
(Analysis / Lowy Institute for International Policy)
Philippinen + Verteidigungs- und Sicherheitspolitik + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Regierungswechsel/ Machtwechsel + Wirkung/ Auswirkung + Innenpolitischer Konflikt + Regionaler internationaler Konflikt + Prioritätensetzung + Streitkräfte/ militärische Verbände + Modernisierung von Waffen/ Waffensystemen + Entwicklungsperspektive und -tendenz
Mindanao + Religiöse Bevölkerungsgruppe + Friedensprozess + Volksrepublik China + Territoriale Interessendivergenzen + Sicherheitspolitische Zusammenarbeit + Vereinigte Staaten + Australien
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00956659

Fitzthum, Robert
Ein Neustart von Reform und Entwicklung / von Robert Fitzthum
Philippinen + Regierungswechsel/ Machtwechsel + Staatsoberhaupt + Duterte, Rodrigo Roa + Politische Reformen + Politische Neuorientierung + Außenpolitik einzelner Staaten + Innenpolitik + Agrarreform + Verbrechensbekämpfung + Drogenhandel + Implikation + Sozioökonomische Entwicklung + Entwicklungsperspektive und -tendenz
Mindanao + Innenpolitischer Konflikt + Konfliktbeendigung + Friedensprozess
http://opac.giga-hamburg.de/r/c-00962846